

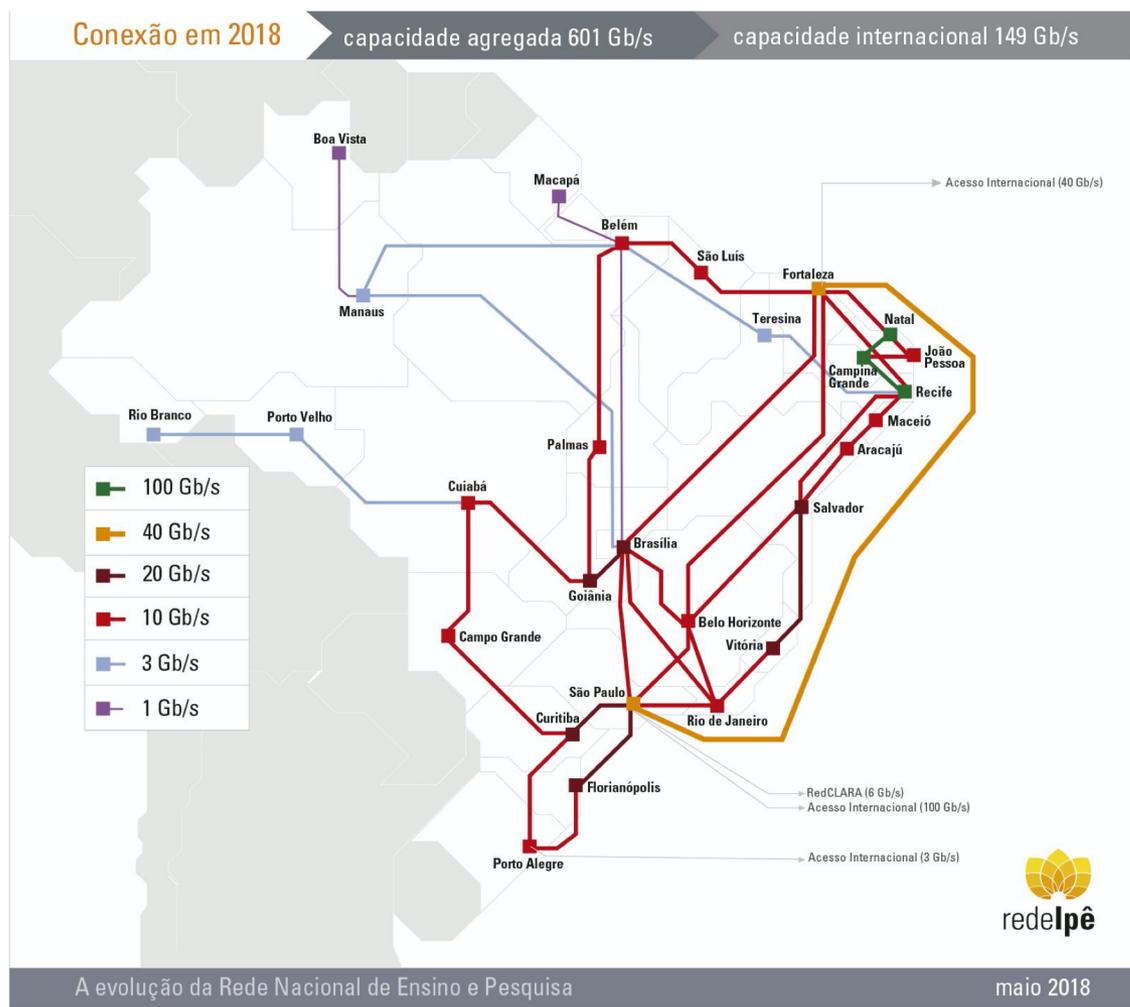


Análise de fluxos de rede e machine learning para detecção de anomalias com ELK

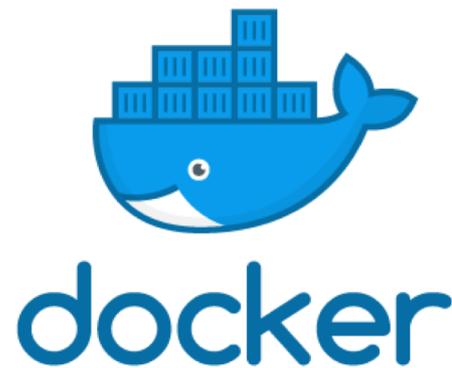
**Rodrigo Bongers
Rodrigo Pescador**

DEO – Diretoria de Engenharia e Operações

O backbone nacional da RNP



A solução: ELK + elastiflow + docker



Recursos computacionais utilizados

No desenvolvimento da solução foram alocados recursos computacionais na nuvem da RNP, sendo:

Logstash

- 24 CPUs
- 16 GB Memória RAM
- 10 GB Disco

Elasticsearch (Elasticflow)

- 24 CPUs
- 32 GB Memória RAM
- 2TB Disco (LUN dedicada)

Kibana + Elasticsearch Client

- 12 CPUs
- 12 GB Memória RAM

7

6

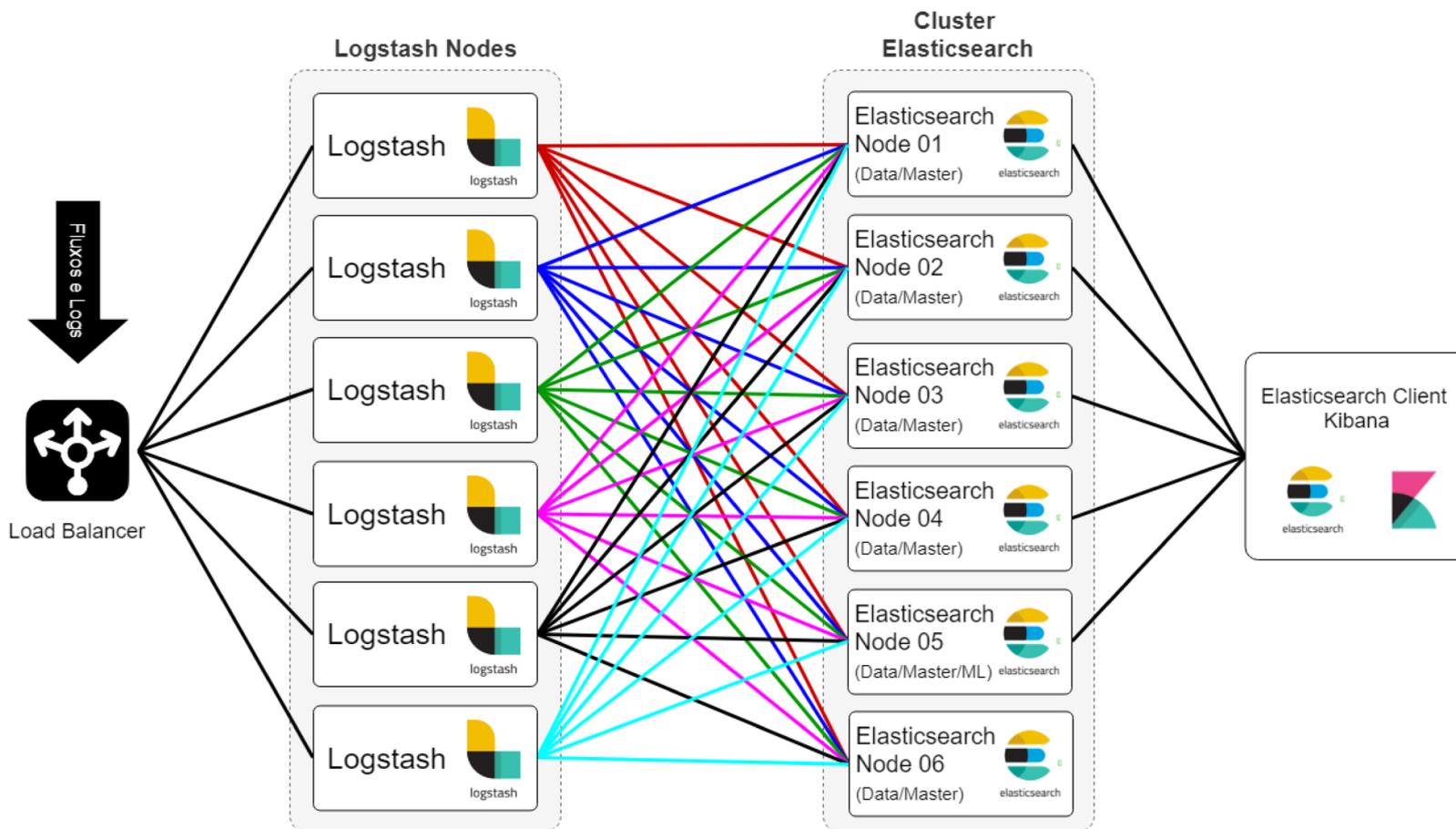
1

Capacidade Computacional Total

- 324 CPUs @2.3GHz
- 316 GB de memória
- 12 TB de disco para armazenamento

Infraestrutura da solução

Todos os serviços rodam sob Docker



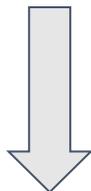
Tipos de dados recebidos e processados

- Recebimento e processamento de fluxos do backbone IP
 - IPFIX
- Recebimento e processamento de logs
 - SYSLOG

MACHINE LEARNING TRAZ INTELIGÊNCIA PARA OS DADOS PROCESSADOS!

Números

- Nós exportadores de dados: 37
- Dados processados pelo sistema:
 - Logs: ~ 28 / segundo
 - Fluxos: ~ 20.000 / segundo



O tráfego total do backbone da RNP em horários de pico, incluindo tráfego nacional e internacional, é de 300 Gbps

Novos enlaces de 100Gbps vão incrementar estes valores

Documentos por índice (rotação diária):

- logs: ~ 2.5 milhão
- fluxos: ~ 900 milhões

~ 750GB de dados por dia

GROK

Parser de uma mensagem syslog enviada ao logstash para pré-processamento com GROK e posterior envio ao elasticsearch

[... restante da configuração omitida ...]

```
"message",          "%{MONTH:syslog_month}                %{MONTHDAY:syslog_day}
%{HOUR:syslog_hour}:%{MINUTE:syslog_minute}:%{SECOND:syslog_second}
(?:%{HOSTNAME:syslog_hostname}|%{IP?syslog_ip})
%{PROG:syslog_program}(?:\[%{POSINT:pid}\]):          %{WORD:syslog_tag_juniper}:
%{GREEDYDATA:syslog_message}",
```

```
"message",          "%{MONTH:syslog_month}                %{MONTHDAY:syslog_day}
%{HOUR:syslog_hour}:%{MINUTE:syslog_minute}:%{SECOND:syslog_second}
(?:%{HOSTNAME:syslog_hostname}|%{IP?syslog_ip})
%{PROG:syslog_program}(?:\[%{POSINT:pid}\]):          %{GREEDYDATA:syslog_message}",
```

[... restante da configuração omitida ...]

MUTATE

- Altera e remove tags
- Cria informações adicionais para facilitar a busca e agregação do elastic
 - Exemplo: GeoIP, ASN Lookup

O ambiente

Dashboard / ElastiFlow: Overview

Full screen Share Clone Edit

Filters *| Lucene Last 15 minutes Show dates Refresh

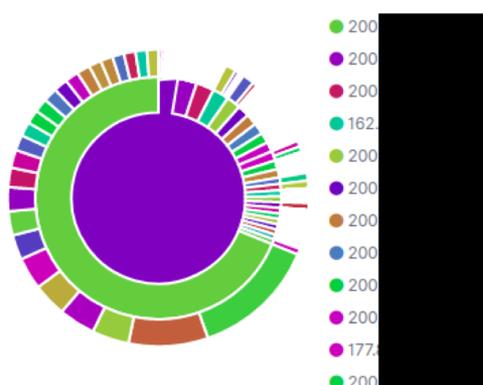
+ Add filter

Overview Top-N Threats Flows Geo IP AS Traffic Exporters Traffic Details Flow Records

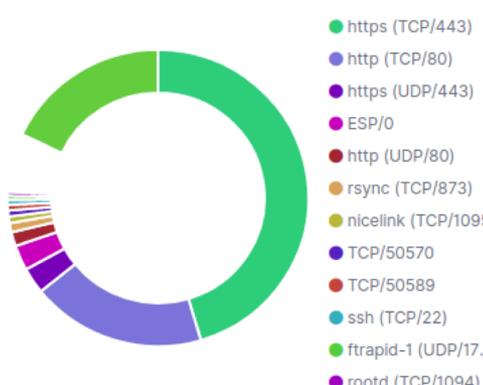
Flow Exporter Client Server

Select... Select... Select...

Servers and Clients (bytes)



Services (bytes)



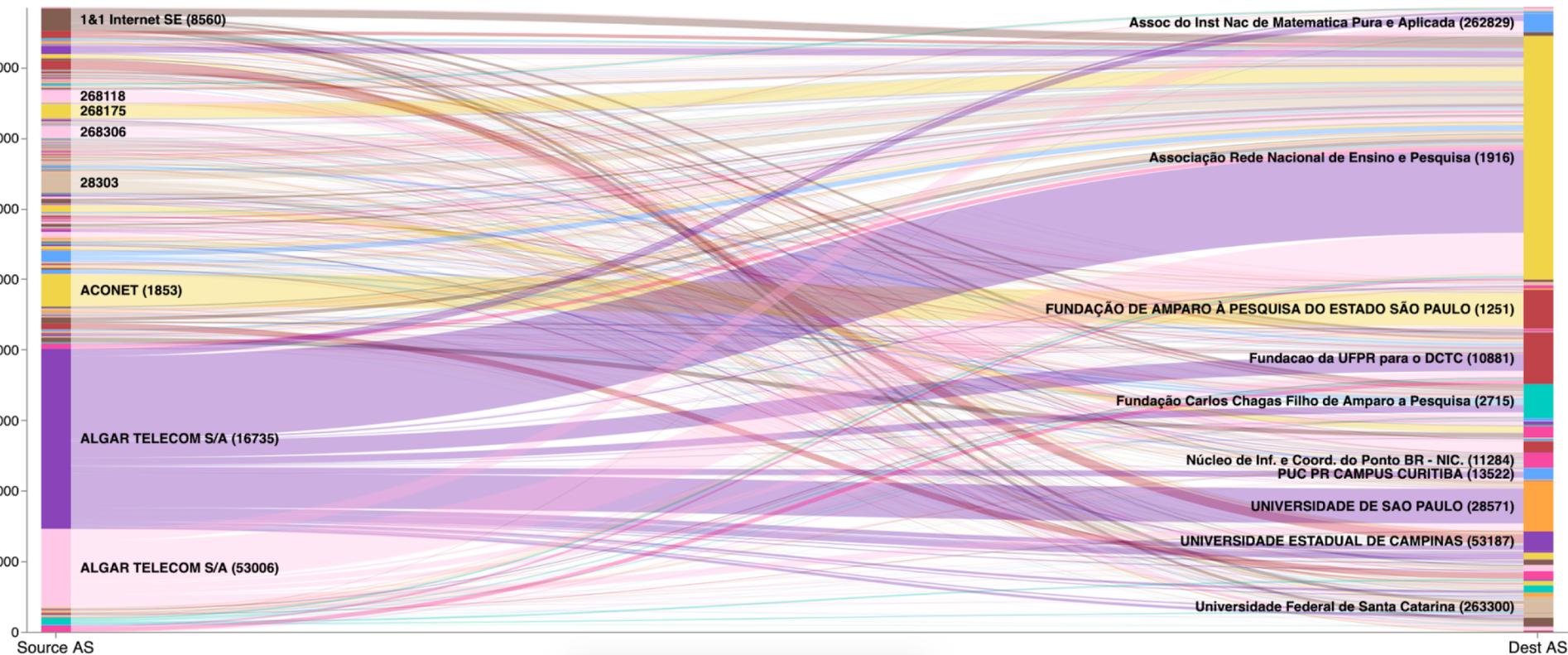
- https (TCP/443)
- http (TCP/80)
- https (UDP/443)
- ESP/0
- http (UDP/80)
- rsync (TCP/873)
- nicelink (TCP/1095)
- TCP/50570
- TCP/50589
- ssh (TCP/22)
- ftprapid-1 (UDP/17...
- rntnd (TCP/1094)



URG RST ACK FIN
SYN PSH none

owncloud
dovecot
wordpress suspicious

O ambiente



Source AS

Dest AS

Monitoramento do ambiente

Todos os hosts que fazem parte da infraestrutura são monitorados em detalhes em três diferentes níveis:

- **Hosts Linux**

- Métricas relacionadas ao host (CPU, memória, load average, I/O disco, informações de rede, etc)

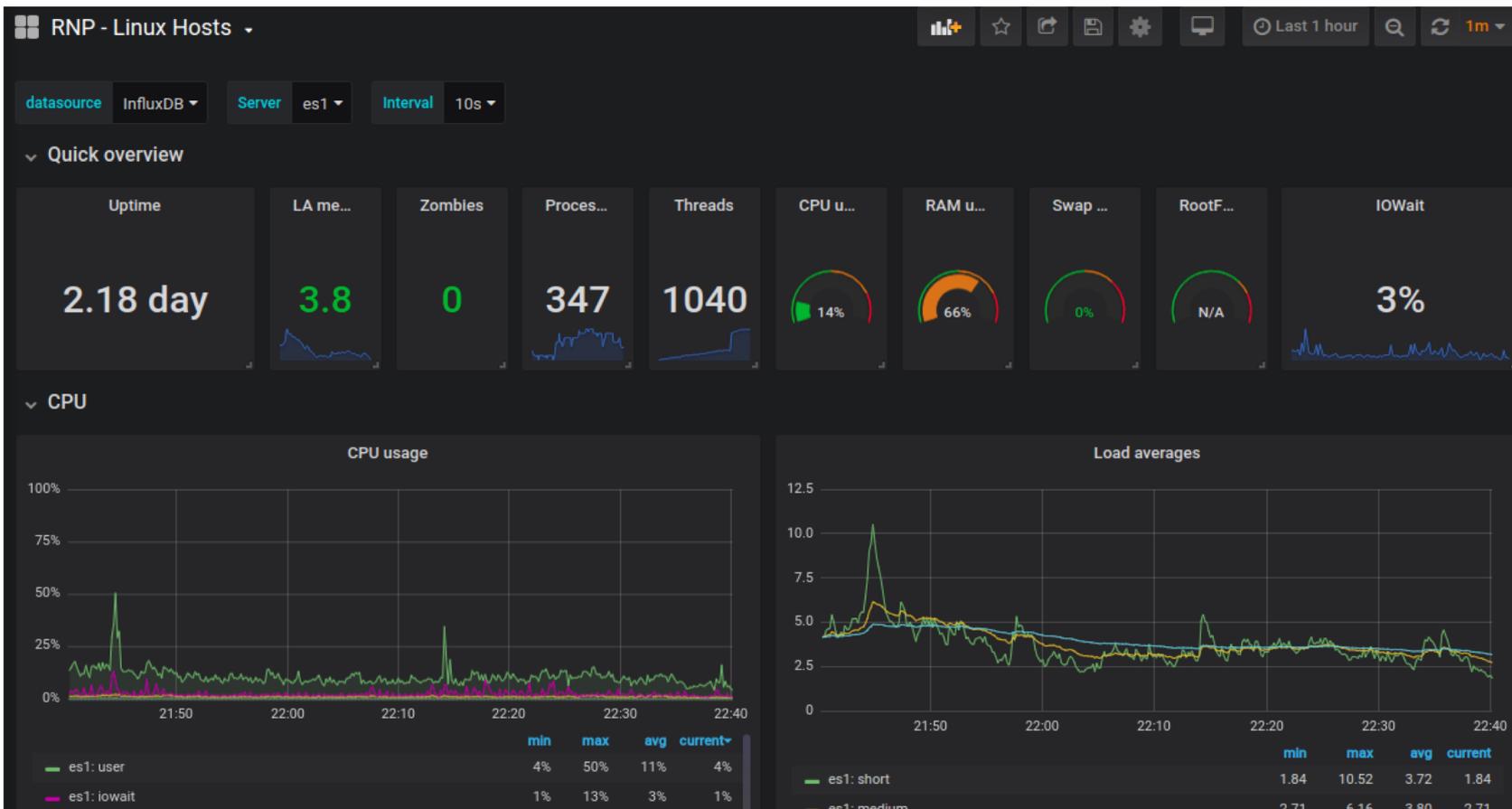
- **Containers Docker**

- Métricas relacionadas ao container (CPU, memória, informações rede, etc)

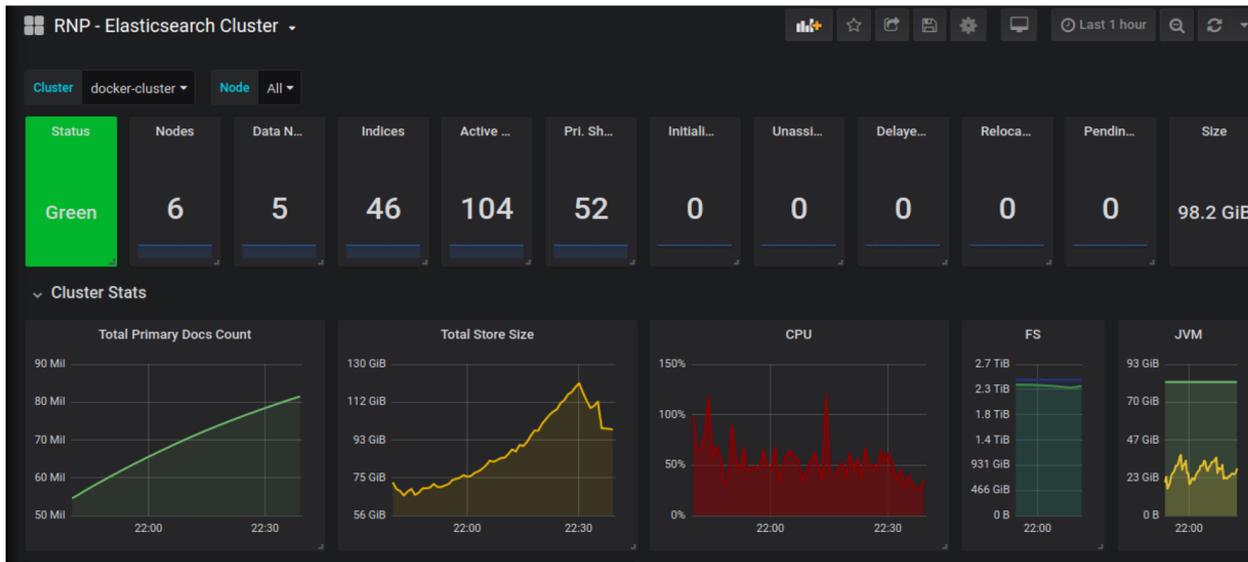
- **Cluster ELK**

- Métricas relacionadas a todo ambiente ELK (CPU, memória, informações da JVM, taxa de indexação dos índices, shards, saúde do cluster, JVM heap, threads, I/O de leitura/escrita, etc)

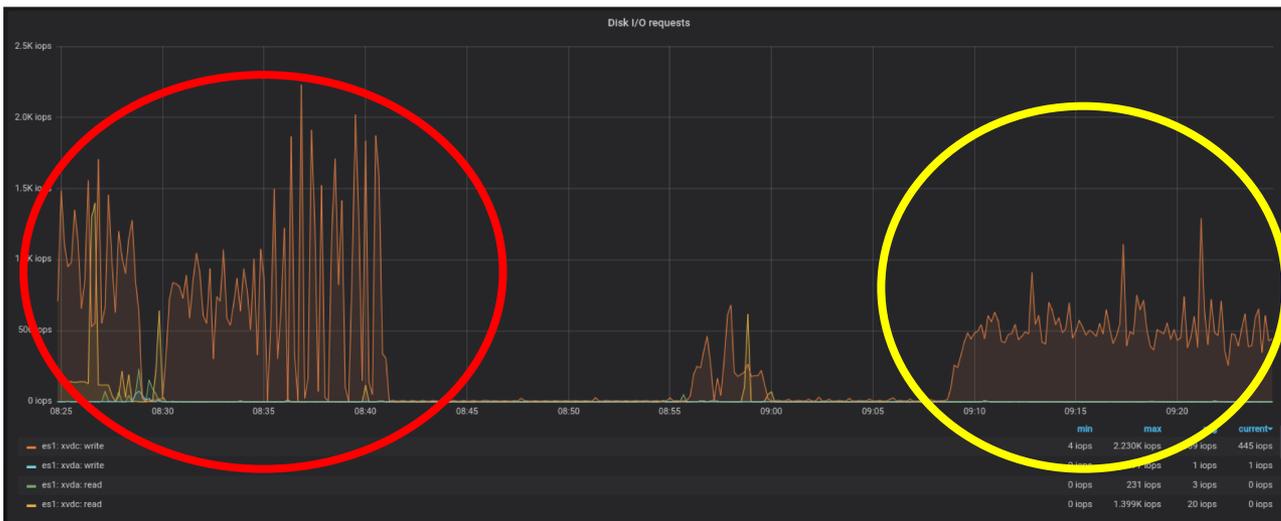
Monitoramento do ambiente: Hosts Linux



Monitoramento do ambiente: Cluster ELK

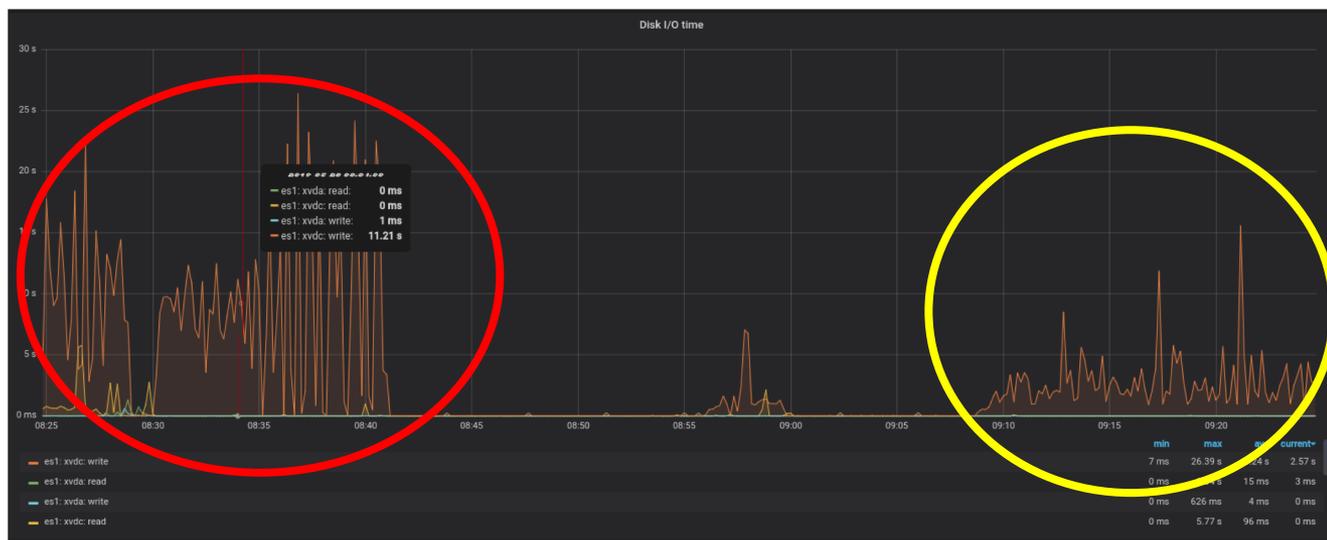


• IOPS nos discos do Elasticsearch

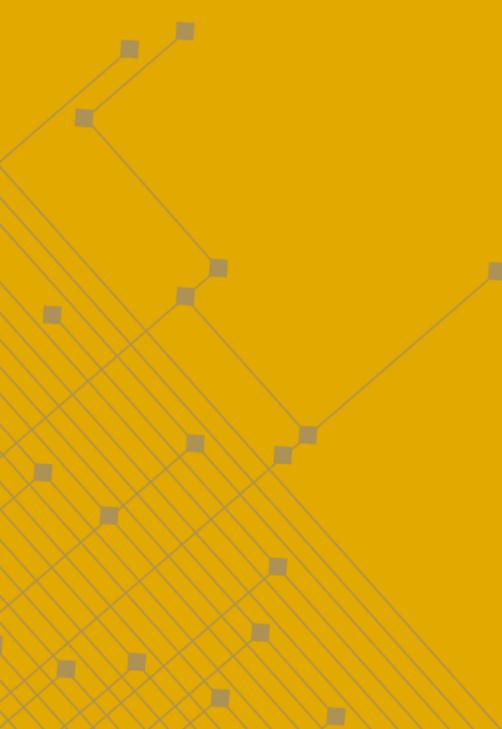


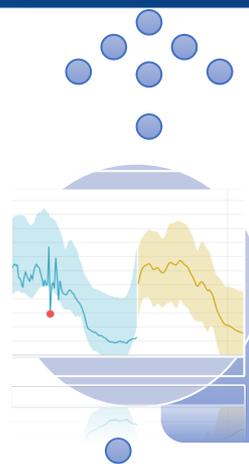
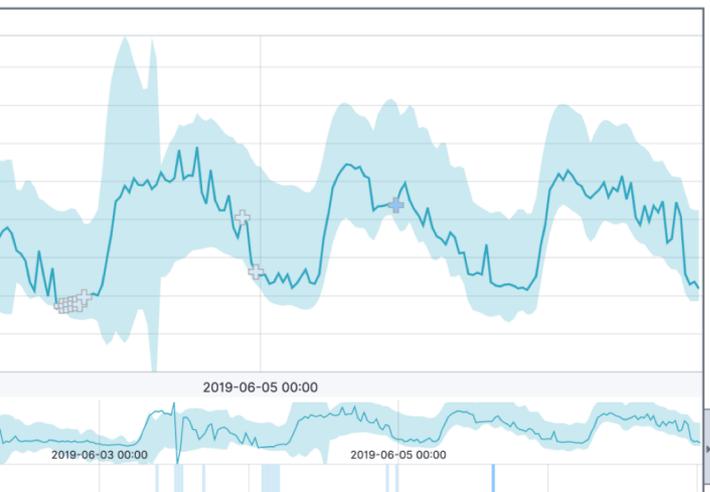
O armazenamento dos dados em dois discos físicos (data paths) distintos aumenta a performance do sistema

Com somente um disco físico (data path) disponível o número de IOPS é alto devido a concorrência no acesso

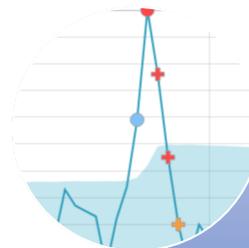


Machine Learning

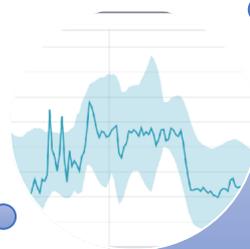




Cria Forecast



Detecta Anomalias



Busca Padrões

Analisa Historico

Detectores

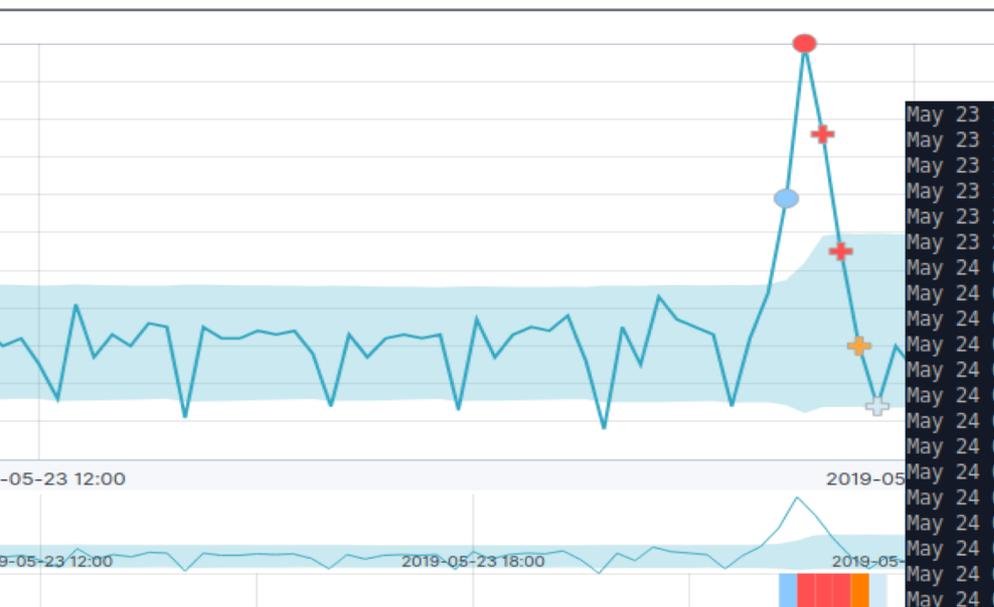
Define campos e funções utilizadas para a análise

Influenciadores

Define campos que influenciam os resultados

- O tempo de processamento do ML é diretamente proporcional ao tamanho de dados a serem analisados
 - Criar filtros para buscar as informações de maneira precisa
 - Evita falso positivo
 - Otimizar buscas e processamento criando filtros
 - Evitar excesso de influenciadores (Ideal 1 a 3)
- Quanto maior o forecast, maior a chance de erro
- Índice do sistema exclusivo para ML

GMT-3
22h27m

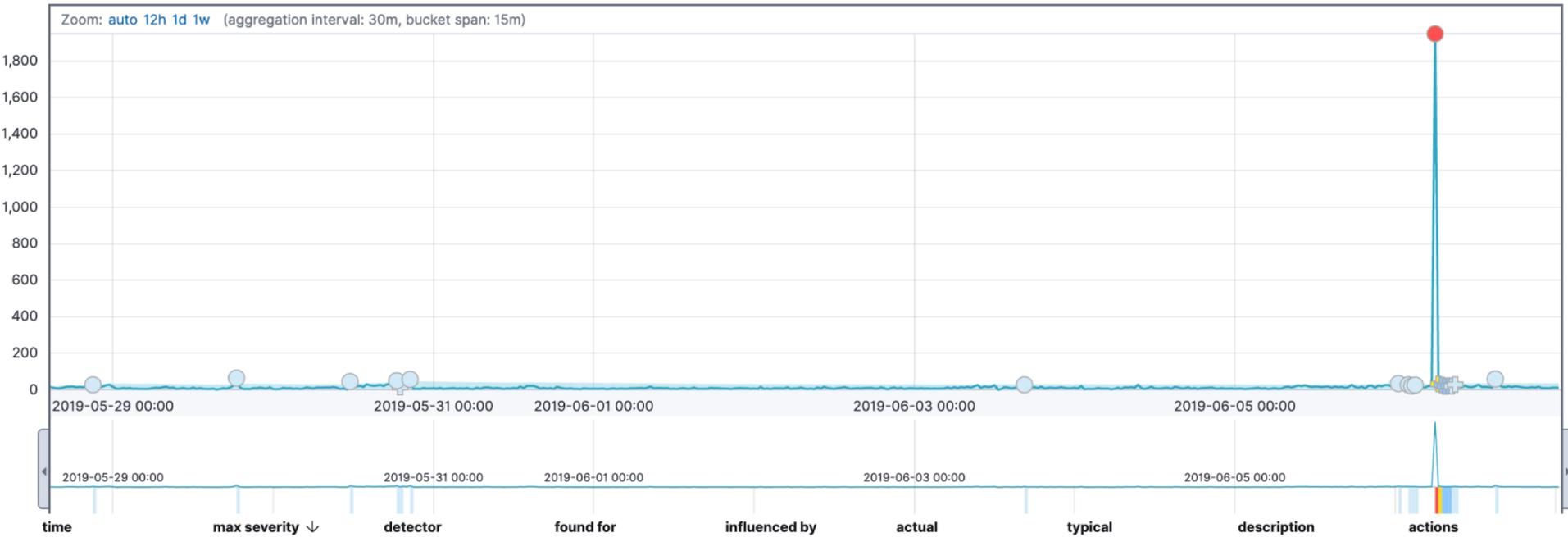


UTC 1h26m

```

May 23 16:41:28.139 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 6001
May 23 17:32:44.124 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 2001
May 23 18:41:02.216 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 6001
May 23 18:58:06.184 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 2001
May 23 20:06:23.128 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 6001
May 23 21:14:40.117 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: kernel time sync enabled 2001
May 24 01:17:38.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:07.098 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:09.108 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:11.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:13.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:15.102 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:17.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:19.102 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:21.108 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:26:23.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:24.100 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:26.098 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:28.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:30.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:32.100 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:34.100 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:36.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:38.100 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 01:43:40.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:44.098 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:46.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:48.098 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:50.098 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:52.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:54.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:56.105 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:00:58.099 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:01:00.105 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
May 24 02:18:04.101 jmx_pr-0 xntpd[19023]: NTP Server 200.1 is Unreachable
    
```

influenced by	actual	typical
syslog_program.keyword: xntpd	86	30.2
syslog_hostname.keyword: mdf2		
syslog_hostname.keyword: mpr		
syslog_hostname.keyword: mxmia2	55	30.4
syslog_program.keyword: xntpd		



Description
critical anomaly in sum("flow.packets") partitionfield="flow.dst_port" found for flow.dst_port 2

Details on highest severity anomaly

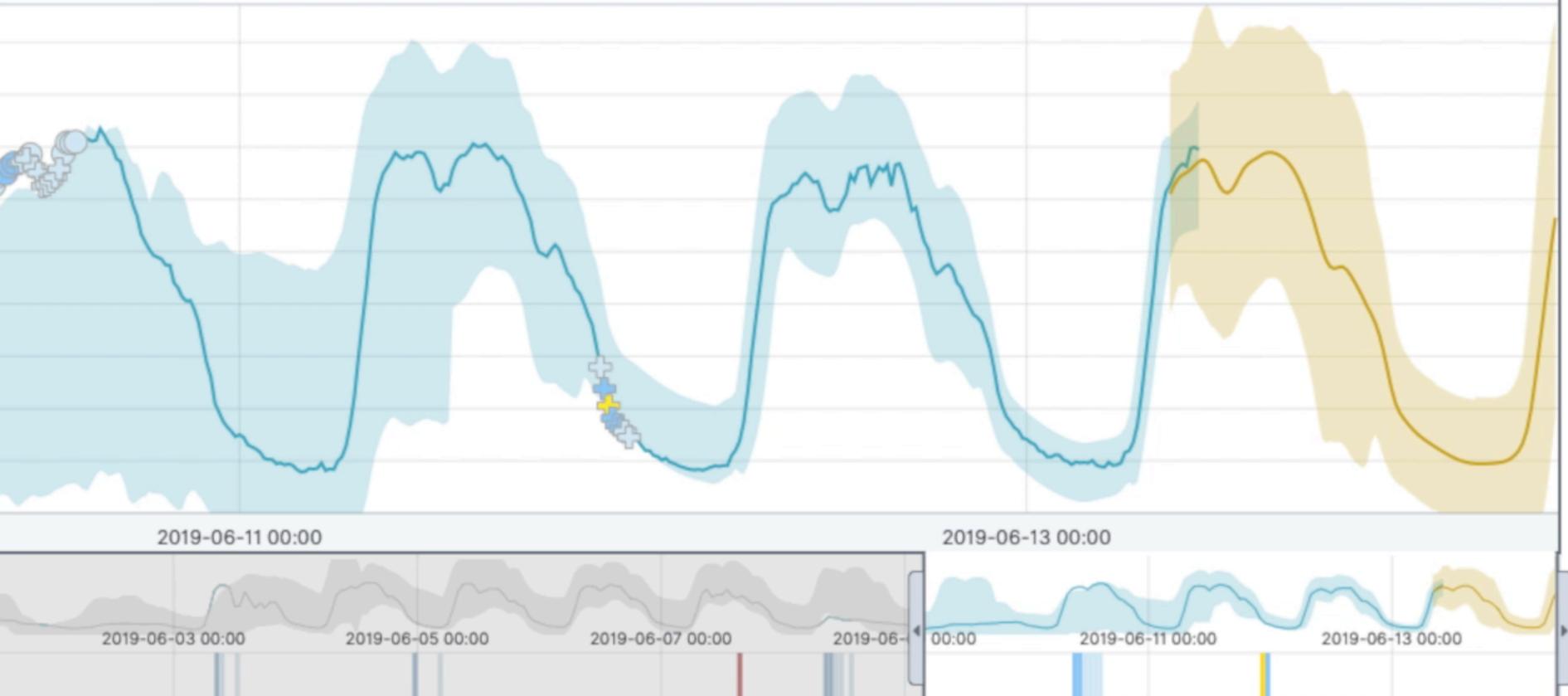
flow.dst_port 2 ⊕ ⊖
time June 6th 2019, 06:15:00 to June 6th 2019, 06:30:00
function sum
fieldName flow.packets
actual 3885
typical 9.08
job ID adv-udp-amp-attack-dst-addr-pps-v3
probability 8.73732000688166e-16

Influencers
flow.src_addr 178. [redacted]

Forecast

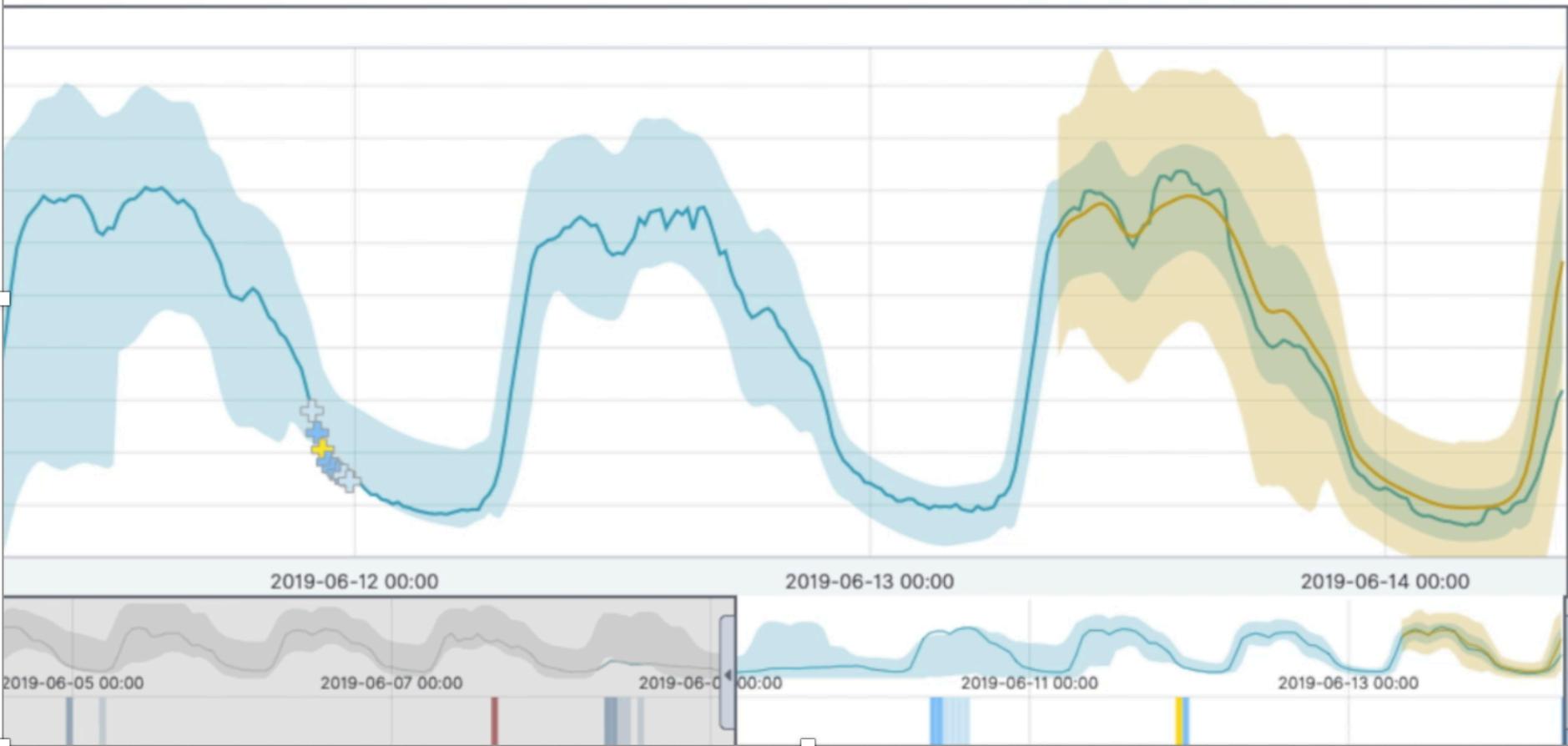
- show model bounds
- annotations
- show forecast

5m, bucket span: 15m



Forecast

- show model bounds
- annotations
- show forecast



Próximos passos

- Utilização de servidores bare metal com discos SSD 1 TB NVMe
- Adição de nós para atuarem exclusivamente como masters
- Kubernetes para orquestração e administração do cluster

Obrigado!

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